



S-0863-0004-17-00001

Expanded Number **S-0863-0004-17-00001**

Title **Items-in-Peace-keeping operations - India/Pakistan - United Nations India/Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM)**

Date Created **27/09/1965**

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Container **S-0863-0004: Peace-Keeping Operations Files of the Secretary-General: U Thant: India/Pakistan**

Print Name of Person Submit Image

Signature of Person Submit

2/

1. Is Council competent to deal with organizing a Mission such as UNIPOM?
2. Secretary-General created UNIPOM rather than expanding UNMOGIP - no objection but should be by Council.
3. Council decision on numbers and equipment.
4. Is Council competent to nominate Commanders of operations.
5. Secco should deal with arrangements for 3 months.
6. Financial
 - a. ceiling by Council
 - b. means of financing

22

UNIPOM Observers

<u>Country</u>	<u>No. of Observers</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Brazil	10	ETA 30 September
Burma	6	No names given
Canada *	12	ETA 29 September
Ceylon	10	No names given
Ethiopia	7	All arrivals confirmed
Ireland	12	5 ETA 28 Sept; 7 ETA 29 Sept
Nepal	10	No names given.
Netherlands	3	ETA 1 October.
Nigeria	10	Names given but no ETA
Venezuela	10	ETA 1 October.
	<hr/> 90	

* Not including 104 Canadian air and ground crews = 5 ETA 29 Sept; 96 ETA 1 October.

UNMOGIP Additional Observers

<u>Country</u>	<u>Old Observers</u>	<u>New Observers</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Australia	6		
Belgium	2		
Canada	9	10	29 September
Chile	2		
Denmark	5	10	all arrivals confirmed
Finland	3	9	5 ETA 30 Sept; 4 ETA 2 Oct.
Italy	3	10	5 ETA 27 Sept; 5 no ETA
New Zealand	4	5	ETA 10 October
Norway	4	10	5 arrivals confirmed; 5 ETA 27 September
Sweden	4	5	ETA 29 September
Uruguay	1		
	<hr/>	<hr/>	
	43	59	

PO 240 India

The Secretary-General of the United Nations presents his compliments to the Permanent Representative of Ghana to the United Nations and has the honour to confirm a previous oral request for the provision of from five to ten Military Observers for the United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM). These Observers should be officers of a rank between lieutenant and lieutenant colonel.

The conditions under which these officers will serve in UNIPOM are similar to those under which Military Observers from national armies serve in other United Nations Observation Missions. The United Nations pays the expenses of the Military Observers, including per diem and travel, but it does not pay their basic salaries. The Observers, while on United Nations duty, wear the uniforms of their national armies with United Nations headgear and insignia. The Observers are not armed while on United Nations duty. The Field Operations Service is at the disposal of delegations to provide all necessary information concerning all administrative matters.

The Secretary-General avails himself of this opportunity to renew to the Permanent Representative of Ghana the assurances of his highest consideration.

27 September 1965

PO 249 India

The Secretary-General of the United Nations presents his compliments to the Permanent Representative of Nepal to the United Nations and has the honour to confirm a previous oral request for the provision of from five to ten Military Observers for the United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM). These Observers should be officers of a rank between lieutenant and lieutenant colonel.

The conditions under which these officers will serve in UNIPOM are similar to those under which Military Observers from national armies serve in other United Nations Observation Missions. The United Nations pays the expenses of the Military Observers, including per diem and travel, but it does not pay their basic salaries. The Observers, while on United Nations duty, wear the uniforms of their national armies with United Nations headgear and insignia. The Observers are not armed while on United Nations duty. The Field Operations Service is at the disposal of delegations to provide all necessary information concerning all administrative matters.

The Secretary-General avails himself of this opportunity to renew to the Permanent Representative of Nepal the assurances of his highest consideration.

27 September 1965

PO 240 India

The Secretary-General of the United Nations presents his compliments to the Permanent Representative of Ceylon to the United Nations and has the honour to confirm a previous oral request for the provision of from five to ten Military Observers for the United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM). These Observers should be officers of a rank between lieutenant and lieutenant colonel.

The conditions under which these officers will serve in UNIPOM are similar to those under which Military Observers from national armies serve in other United Nations Observation Missions. The United Nations pays the expenses of the Military Observers, including per diem and travel, but it does not pay their basic salaries. The Observers, while on United Nations duty, wear the uniforms of their national armies with United Nations headgear and insignia. The Observers are not armed while on United Nations duty. The Field Operations Service is at the disposal of delegations to provide all necessary information concerning all administrative matters.

The Secretary-General avails himself of this opportunity to renew to the Permanent Representative of Ceylon the assurances of his highest consideration.

27 September 1965


TO: The Secretary-General
A:

FOR ACTION		POUR SUITE A DONNER
FOR APPROVAL		POUR APPROBATION
FOR SIGNATURE		POUR SIGNATURE
PREPARE DRAFT		PROJET A REDIGER
FOR COMMENTS		POUR OBSERVATIONS
MAY WE CONFER?		POURRIONS-NOUS EN PARLER?
YOUR ATTENTION		VOTRE ATTENTION
AS DISCUSSED		COMME CONVENU
AS REQUESTED		SUITE A VOTRE DEMANDE
NOTE AND FILE		NOTER ET CLASSER
NOTE AND RETURN		NOTER ET RETOURNER
FOR INFORMATION		POUR INFORMATION

S-G --

You may be interested in this
additional information.

Thanks.
2/19



Date:
28 Sept. 1965

CR. 13 (11-64)

FROM:
DE:

SITUATION REPORT
12 NOON - 28 SEPTEMBER 1965

UNIPOM's Military Observers

1. Major General B. F. MacDonald arrived New Delhi 28 September 1965.
2. 10 Argentinians - ETA unknown.
3. 10 Austrians - No advice received.
4. 10 Bolivians - No advice received.
5. 10 Brazilians - ETD Rio 28 September 1965.
6. 12 Canadians - ETA Rawalpindi 29 September.
7. 10 Czechoslovakians - No advice received.
8. 10 Ecuadorians - No advice received.
9. 7 Ethiopians - Arrived New Delhi 27 September 1965.
10. 10 Hungarians - No advice received.
11. 12 Irish - ETA Karachi 29 September 1965.
12. 10 Mexicans - No advice received.
13. 10 Netherlands - No advice received.
14. 10 Nigerians - Being selected.
15. 10 Polish - No advice received.
16. 6 Rumanians - No advice received.
17. 10 Uruguayans - No advice received.
18. 10 Venezuelans - 5 ETA Karachi 29 September, 4 New Delhi ETA 30 September 1965 (one Colonel possibly returning Venezuela.
19. CONFIDENTIAL - We have been informed that Ceylon, Ghana and Nepal are being approached for Milobs.

UNMOGIP's Military Observers

1. 10 Australians - Being selected.
2. 10 Belgians - No advice received.
3. 10 Canadians - ETA Rawalpindi 27 September 1965.
4. 10 Chileans - ETA unknown.
5. 10 Danish - Arrived New Delhi 25 September 1965.
6. 10 Finns - 5 ETA Rawalpindi 30 September, 4 ETD 1 October Helsinki
7. 10 Italians - 5 ETA Karachi 27 September, 2 to follow, 3 unknown.
8. 10 New Zealand - 5 ETA Rawalpindi 10 October, 5 not selected.
9. 10 Norwegians - 3 arrived New Delhi 25 September, 5 ETA Karachi 25 September (no arrival Notice), 2 ETA New Delhi 27 September.
10. 10 Swedish - 5 ETA Rawalpindi 29 September, 5 still to be selected.
11. 10 Uruguayans - No advice received.

PERSONNEL

UNIPOM's Administrative Officer Mr. E. G. Moore arrived New Delhi 28 September 1965; UNIPOM's Finance Officer Mr. Sev Borzak departing New York 28 September ETD New Delhi 30 September 1965. Of the 60 administrative and technical personnel for UNMOGIP/UNIPOM, 57 have been selected and are being processed for earliest arrival and 11 are already in the area.

COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

Manufacturers are continuing to provide UNMOGIP transceivers which are being air shipped as received, but we are still awaiting the missions complete requirements. UNIPOM's communications requirements are being analyzed by Motorola and their recommendations are forthcoming today for communication to the mission.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

New York, Beirut and Pisa continue procurement and air shipment to both missions.

OFFICE SPACE

UNMOGIP/UNIPOM are investigating space requirements.

AIRCRAFT

The first of 2 Canadian Caribous are due in Rawalpindi on 3 October 1965. The second Caribou was to arrive one hour later. All flight clearances confirmed. Some clearances received for 2 Canadian Yukons and 3 Hercules aircraft carrying air crew and equipment for the "117/ATU". Seventeen officers and enlisted personnel of 107 ATU ETA Rawalpindi 29 September on these aircraft. ETD of 3 Otters not yet known but may be aboard Yukon and Hercules aircraft.

GENERAL SUPPLIES

Continued procurement in Headquarters, Pisa and Beirut for air shipment.

VEHICLES

TAB in New Delhi and Karachi were requested to provide on a temporary/^{loan} basis one sedan each with driver for General MacDonal'd's use in Lahore and Amiritzar. TAB/UNICEF have been requested to investigate possibility providing up to 32 jeeps for UNIPOM in Pakistan. Orders are being placed in Beirut for the purchase of 4 sedans and 4 3-ton Chevrolet trucks for sea shipment to UNMOGIP/UNIPOM. UNIPOM may rent 2 trucks locally until arrivals from Beirut. General Nimmo is being requested to report regarding progress of Indian jeeps and drivers for UNMOGIP/UNIPOM.

FO,240 India

The Secretary-General of the United Nations presents his compliments to the Permanent Representative of Burma to the United Nations and has the honour to refer to a previous oral request for the provision of Military Observers for the United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM).

The Secretary-General accepts with appreciation the offer of six Observers by the Government of Burma. The Secretary-General reiterates that they should be officers of a rank between lieutenant and lieutenant colonel. In addition to their military qualifications they should have a good working knowledge of English.

The conditions under which these officers will serve in UNIPOM are similar to those under which Military Observers from national armies serve in other United Nations Observation Missions. The United Nations pays the expenses of the Military Observers, including per diem and travel, but it does not pay their basic salaries. The Observers, while on United Nations duty, wear the uniforms of their national armies with United Nations headgear and insignia. The Observers are not armed while on United Nations duty. The Field Operations Service is at the disposal of delegations to provide all necessary information concerning all administrative matters.

The Secretary-General takes this opportunity to express his appreciation to the Government of Burma for its cooperation in setting up this very important mission of the United Nations.

28 September 1965

JR-B

*Misión Permanente
de la
República Argentina
ante las
Naciones Unidas*

28 de septiembre de 1965

N.U. No. 92/15
RQ/aa

A S.E. el señor Secretario General
de las Naciones Unidas
U THANT
Naciones Unidas
Nueva York

Señor Secretario General:

Tengo el honor de dirigirme a Vuestra Excelencia para acusar recibo de su comunicación PO 240 India, de fecha 25 de septiembre, relativa a la participación de la Argentina en la Misión de Observación de las Naciones Unidas en India-Pakistan (UNIPOM).

Me complace en confirmarle la decisión del Gobierno argentino de poner a disposición de las Naciones Unidas diez observadores militares para esa Misión. El Gobierno argentino, por intermedio de su Ministerio de Defensa, ha seleccionado ya el personal y espera que pueda viajar a la brevedad posible a su destino, conforme las indicaciones hechas por las Naciones Unidas.

La República Argentina desea con este ofrecimiento reafirmar su deseo y voluntad de cooperar con los medios a su alcance a la tarea de las Naciones Unidas para el mantenimiento de la paz y seguridad internacionales. Entiende también que es una forma de dar cumplimiento a las obligaciones asumidas al firmar la Carta.

Saludo a Vuestra Excelencia con mi consideración más distinguida.

S. G.

ITNY POS 59

UNATION 420544/4053

F NEWYORK 104/96 28 1920EDST UNGOVT P1/54/50 (PUNCTNS CNTD)

ETAT

PC

HIS IMPERIAL MAJESTY

HAILE SELASSIE

ADDISABABA (ETHIOPIA)

SIRE, PERMIT ME, IN REPLY TO YOUR MAJESTY'S TELEGRAM OF 25
SEPTEMBER, TO EXPRESS MY WARMEST APPRECIATION OF YOUR MAJESTY'S
MOST HELPFUL ACTION IN MAKING AVAILABLE, AT VERY SHORT NOTICE,
SEVEN ETHIOPIAN MILITARY OBSERVERS FOR THE UNITED

P2/50/46

NATIONS INDIA-PAKISTAN OBSERVATION MISSION. I JOIN WITH YOUR
MAJESTY IN HOPE FOR THE SUCCESS OF THIS HIGHLY IMPORTANT TASK AND
I REITERATE MY GRATITUDE FOR YOUR MAJESTY'S VERY PROMPT AND HELPFUL
RESPONSE TO MY APPEAL FOR ASSISTANCE. MOST RESPECTFULLY

U. THANT SECRETARY GENERAL

COL 25

ITNY POS 59

UNATION 420544

UNITED NATIONS
SECRETARIAT
NEW YORK
SEP 28 1950

INCOMING
INFO COPY

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UNATION 420544

ITT 13 ET268/50992

ADDISABABA 78 25 2050

STAT PRIORITY HIS EXCELLENCY MEWNET U THANT SECRETARY GENERAL OF U.N.
NEWYORK

THIS IS TO INFORM YOUR EXCELLENCY THAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH YOUR
REQUEST ARRANGEMENTS HAVE ALREADY BEEN MADE FOR SEVEN
EMXX ETHIOPIAN MILITARY OBSERVERS TO LEAVE ADDISABABA TOMORROW BY
AIR FOR NEWDELHI TO JOIN THE UNITED NATIONS INDO-PAKISTANI
OBSERVERS MISSION STOP WE TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY TO EXTEND
OUR BEST WISHES FOR THE SUCCESS OF THIS MISSION IN THE DISCHARGE
OF THE HEAVY RESPONSIBILITIES INTRUSTED IT
HAILE SELASSIE FIRST EMXX EMPEROR

LJ

UNATION 420544

8 October 1965

UNMOGIP and UNIPOM

1. This confidential paper sets forth some basic facts and figures concerning the present organisation of UNIPOM and UNMOGIP. The organisation of the two missions is based upon an estimate, made with the advice of Military Observers in the area, of the minimum strength considered necessary for the effective supervision of the cease-fire and of the withdrawal of armed personnel required by the Security Council in its resolution of 20 September 1965. The assumption, of course, is that the cease-fire will hold and that no heavy fighting will recur. The strengthening of UNMOGIP is in response to the Security Council's resolution of 6 September and is based on the expert advice of the Chief Military Observer.

A. ORGANISATION

Observer strength and deployment

2. A total of 90 Observers has been provided for UNIPOM by 10 Member States, namely, Brazil, Burma, Canada, Ceylon, Ethiopia, Ireland, Nepal, the Netherlands, Nigeria and Venezuela. Of this total, 57 have arrived in the mission area. To this number should be added 15 Observers on temporary loan from UNMOGIP and 15 on similar loan from UNTSO.
3. Thus there are now a total of 85 Observers actually on duty with UNIPOM. They are deployed as follows:

On the Pakistan side:

Headquarters:	Lahore
Stations:	Pasrur
	Kasur
	Sulaimanke
	Rahim Yar Khan
	Khokhropar

On the Indian side:

Headquarters: Amritsar
Stations: Dera Nanak
Khasa
Bhikkiwind Uttar
Fazilka

Further stations are being manned as the deployment of Observers proceeds.

4. As regards UNMOGIP, there were 43 Observers at the time of adoption of the Security Council resolution of 6 September 1965, in which the Council called upon the Secretary-General "to take all measures possible to strengthen the UNMOGIP". On the basis of an agreement with India and Pakistan these Observers are provided by the eleven following countries: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Finland, Italy, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden and Uruguay. Following the adoption of the 6 September resolution, the same countries were requested and agreed to provide 59 additional Observers for UNMOGIP. Of these, 54 have arrived in the mission area. Thus UNMOGIP now has 97 Observers, but as 13 of them have been detailed temporarily to UNIPOM, 84 are actually on duty in Kashmir.

5. These 84 Observers have been deployed as follows:

On the Indian side:

Headquarters: Srinagar
Stations: Kargil
Baramula
Punch
Galuthi
Naushera
Jammu

(1 liaison officer stationed at New Delhi)

On the Pakistan side:

Stations: Gangan
Domel
Rawalakot
Kotli
Shimber

(1 liaison officer and 1 Observer stationed at Rawalpindi)

5a. UNMOGIP, led by Lt. General R.H. Nimmo as Chief Military Observer, and UNIPOM, led by Major-General Bruce F. MacDonald as Chief Officer, are closely linked and co-ordinated in the discharge of their functions with regard to the supervision of the observance of the cease-fire and of the withdrawals.

Civilian Personnel

6. Category	UNMOGIP				UNIPOM	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Authorized Strengthening</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Present in field</u>	<u>Authorized</u>	<u>Present in field</u>
Professional	2	1	3	2	4	4
Field Service	26	26	52	41	42	26
Total	28	27	55	43	46	30

Equipment

(a) Vehicles

7. Type of Vehicle	UNMOGIP				UNIPOM	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Strengthening</u>	<u>Explanation</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Required</u>	<u>Explanation</u>
<u>Sedan</u>	2	2	Being procured	4	2	1 being purchased 1 on loan from TAB
<u>Jeep station wagons</u>	17	20	Delivered	37	40	36 deli- vered X/65
<u>Trucks</u>	2	2	Being procured. In the meantime rented on ad hoc basis	4	2	Being procured. In meantime ad hoc loan
<u>Microbus</u>	-	4	1 delivered Oct.1965	4	1	Delivered
<u>Military jeeps on loan</u>						
<u>India</u>	31	47	Delivered	78	33	Delivered
<u>Pakistan</u>	30	40	Still negotiating loan. Not delivered yet	70	32	12 on loan
<u>Totals</u>	82	115		197	110	

(b) Communications Equipment

8.	<u>UNMOGIP (Original)</u>	<u>UNMOGIP (Strengthening - 1 year)</u>	<u>UNIPOM (3 months)</u>
17	Communications Receivers	4 Communications Receivers	4 Communications Receivers
12	C.W. Transmitters	1 C.W. Transmitter	4 C.W. Transmitters
2	Transmitters for teletype (Karachi)		
15	Transceivers SSB Base stations	12 Transceivers SSB Base stations	15 Base station) 65 Vehicular sets)*
6	Portable SSB Transceivers "Pack sets"	100 Portable SSB Transceivers "Pack sets"	10 Portable sets)
		24 SSB Transceivers	*For use by Military Observers
	Teletype equipment printers, perforators, etc. for two positions used on UN international network (IRS Karachi)	It may be necessary to establish radio teletype link between Karachi and Rawalpindi/Srinagar, if the present C W operation should prove insufficient. Purchase of teletype equipment would then be required.	Teletype equipment: At present a Telex line is rented from Pakistan Government for traffic from UN International Network (IRS Karachi) and UNIPOM HQS Lahore. This may not be reliable enough, and purchase of equipment may be needed to establish a radio teletype link on this circuit.
2	Morse Perforators	1 Morse Perforator	2 Morse Perforators
2	Automatic Morse keyers	1 Automatic Morse keyer	2 Automatic Morse keyers
(45	Antenna Masts)	60 Antenna Masts	30 Antenna Masts
3	6 KVA Diesel Generators	2 15 KVA Diesel Generators	2 10 KVA Diesel Generators
23	small gasoline Kato Generators	10 small gasoline Kato Generators	15 small Kato Generators
4	Coding Machines	4 Coding Machines	4 Coding Machines
13	Telegraphic Typewriters	4 Telegraphic Typewriters	4 Telegraphic Typewriters
		Additional tools, testing equipment and spare parts	Tools, testing equipment and spare parts

UNMOGIP
(Original)

UNMOGIP
(Strengthening - 1 year)

UNIPOM
(3 months)

All the above equipment is either already out in the mission area or is being shipped shortly, except the 100 Portable SSB. Only 14 of these sets were immediately available. The mission is reviewing this requirement in order to determine whether SSB vehicular sets could be used as substitute.

Equipment for the internal military observer network is being reviewed. Two Motorola engineers are presently reviewing the requirement together with UN technicians. Their proposals are expected within a few days. Motorola has assured prompt delivery of the equipment as soon as type of equipment has been decided on. In the meantime, some of the equipment ordered for UNMOGIP has been diverted to UNIPOM and 10 Motorola vehicular sets have been airshipped from UNTSO to enable the observers to have a temporary means of communication back to their respective OICs and between HQS and the outposts.

Aircraft

9. UNMOGIP: Two Caribous
 One Otter

 UNIPOM: One Caribou
 Two Otters

The above aircraft are flown, serviced and maintained by an air transport unit, approximately 80 strong, based at Lahore. The Chief Officer of UNIPOM has requested three more Otters. No decision has yet been made on this request.

B. ESTIMATED COSTS

	<u>UNMOGIP</u> <u>(Strengthening for 1 year)</u>	<u>UNIPOM</u> <u>(3 months)</u>
10. Travel and Allowances of Military Observers	\$405,000	\$288,800
Aircraft	566,000	362,000
Equipment (including vehicles, radio, office equipment, etc.)	408,300	363,500
Personnel, Premises, Maintenance of Vehicles and other costs	620,700	402,700
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	\$2,000,000	\$1,427,000*
	<hr/>	<hr/>

*based on the present Observer strength. The original estimate of \$1,645,000 was based on an estimated need for 100 Observers.

C. PROGNOSIS

11. The following rough prognosis of possible future requirements has been made without reference to either the Chief Military Observer of UNMOGIP or the Chief Officer of UNIPOM. It is only an indication of the kind of situations that might develop, and the kind of actions that might be required to meet them.

- a) If the cease-fire holds, it is probable that the present strength of UNIPOM would be adequate and might well be reduced in due course when the situation has settled down.
- b) In the light of the events of August 1965, it is too early to say whether the increased strength of UNMOGIP will adequately guarantee the Cease-Fire Line when the parties return to that Line.
- c) When both sides agree to the withdrawal of their armed forces to the positions held before August 5, in accordance with the Security Council resolutions of 6 and 20 September, UNIPOM and UNMOGIP will have an important role to play in

liaison and observation during the actual process of withdrawal. After the withdrawal of forces, if it is clear that the situation has returned to normal, it may be possible to phase out UNIPOM completely.

- d) On the other hand, when withdrawal to the Cease-Fire Line in Kashmir is completed, it will be necessary to maintain UNMOGIP at its increased strength at least for some time in order to give the necessary guarantees for the maintenance of the Cease-Fire Line, pending efforts to settle the underlying problems. It may even be necessary to further increase its strength.
- e) If the cease-fire breaks down and heavy fighting is resumed, the usefulness of UNIPOM will be severely curtailed, and it will be necessary to decide then whether to withdraw UNIPOM Observers to rear areas on both sides of the Line and hold them there in the hope that the cease-fire will again be restored, or to withdraw the Mission entirely.
- f) In the event of a collapse of the cease-fire, the position of UNMOGIP would be more complicated. UNMOGIP operates under an agreement between the two parties. It has specific duties under the Karachi Agreement in connexion with the Cease-Fire Line, and unless both parties are agreed that it should be withdrawn, it would seem most desirable, provided the two parties agree, that the Observer strength of UNMOGIP should be maintained and deployed actively in an effort at a local level to restore the Cease-Fire Line wherever possible and in the hope that it may be possible to revert to a working arrangement under the Karachi Agreement.

FO 240 India (2-3)

The Secretary-General of the United Nations presents his compliments to the Permanent Representative of the Hungarian People's Republic to the United Nations and has the honour to refer to an earlier oral inquiry concerning the possible interest of the Government of Hungary in making available to the United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM) a small number of Hungarian officers (five to ten) to serve as Military Observers. This inquiry was made in pursuance of the responsibilities given to the Secretary-General in Security Council resolutions 210 (1965) and 211 (1965) of 6 and 20 September respectively.

The Military Observers should be officers of a rank between lieutenant and lieutenant colonel. In addition to their military qualifications they should have a good working knowledge of English.

The conditions under which these officers will serve in UNIPOM are similar to those under which Military Observers from national armies serve in other United Nations Observation Missions. The United Nations pays their expenses, including per diem and travel, but it does not pay their basic salaries. The Observers, while on United Nations duty, wear the uniforms of their national armies with United Nations headgear and insignia. The Observers are not armed while on United Nations duty.

Since the Secretary-General's appeal to governments for Military Observers has received a very generous response and as many Observers as can at present be absorbed in UNIPOM have been made available, offers of additional Observers are being held in abeyance for the time being.

The Secretary-General takes this opportunity to express his appreciation to the Government of the Hungarian People's Republic for its cooperation in setting up this very important mission of the United Nations.

1 October 1965

10/29
TO: THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

At your convenience, I would like to discuss the attached.

Pl. file. R-
10/12

29 October 1965

Observers

1. MacDonald has stated that ideally he would like to have a total of 109 Observers, which is an increase of 24 over what he now has. In addition, he would have liked to have six staff-trained officers for HQ employment. This would allow him to man his field stations up to what he considers to be the necessary strength, and to give him 11 officers in HQ UNIPOM. This all adds up to a total of 30 extra officers and an overall total of 115 Observers, or 15 above our original estimate of 100 reported to the Security Council.
2. We informed MacDonald of the necessity of thinking in terms, at least for the present, of a ceiling of 90 Military Observers only, and he responded by saying that he could cut down on the number of officers HQ to a total of six although this leaves no margin for leave or illness. We have promised to provide him with a full colonel as deputy and have urged him to find a suitable officer to act as his personal assistant, making the HQ establishment eight in all.
3. We have undertaken to find a suitable source from which the five Observers could be recruited quickly to bring MacDonald up to a total of 90 Observers.

Aircraft

4. MacDonald was originally allowed one Caribou and two Otters (117 ATU, which maintains aircraft for both UNIPOM and UNMOGIP, is stationed in Lahore). Soon after his arrival in the area, MacDonald expressed his opinion that a helicopter would be most useful to him as Chief Officer. After further experience in the area and having been informed of the difficulties of getting and operating suitable helicopters, MacDonald agreed to give up this request but pressed the requirement for one additional Caribou and one additional Otter. Canada was requested to provide an additional Caribou on 26 October. This request is still under consideration by the Canadian Government. On 26 October (UNIPOM 96), after completing a careful study of the air situation with Group Captain Murray, MacDonald stated a "clear requirement for two additional Otter aircraft". There are two Otter aircraft

available, painted white and marked with UN insignia, and ready to go from Canada, and the Canadian Government has been asked to hold these in full readiness pending a final decision as to whether they should be sent to UNIPOM or not. MacDonald's aircraft situation is worsened by the mishap on 27 October to his Caribou, which is likely to be unserviceable for some time.

Financial implications

5. The estimated cost for a two-month period for 15 additional Observers is about \$40,000 and for two additional aircraft (one Caribou and one Otter) roughly \$45,000. Therefore, there would be an increase of \$85,000 over the original estimates submitted to the Security Council on 21 September (\$1,645,000) or an increase of \$303,000 over the revised estimates submitted to the Council on 14 October on the basis of 90 instead of 100 observers (\$1,427,000).

✓

Brig. General Tulio MARAMBIO

Born: 10 April 1911 in Curicó, Chile

1943: Officer of the General Staff and Professor, War Academy (Chile)

1951: Member of the Chilean military mission to Washington

1962: Military attaché in Colombia

1964: Director of the War Academy (Chile)



TO: The Secretary-General
A:

DATE: 11 March 1966

THROUGH:
S/C DE:

REFERENCE:

FROM: David B. Vaughan
DE: Director of General Services

SUBJECT: Closing down of UNIPOM
OBJET:

I. In accordance with Document S/6699/Add.12 of 23 February 1966, please note that the following represents progress made in the closing down of the UNIPOM Mission:

A. Military Observers

- i. 55 departed during the period 1 - 9 March 1966
- ii. 20 will depart during the period 11 - 15 March 1966
- iii. 3 Canadian Milobs are being transferred to UNMOGIP on 11 March 1966

B. Staff

- i. 16 will have departed during the period 1 - 15 March 1966
- ii. 10 will depart during the period 15 - 22 March 1966
- iii. 5 will depart on 31 March 1966
- iv. It is estimated that the remaining 14, who constitute a rear party, will stay until 17 April to complete the disposal of material, equipment and records

C. Aircraft

- i. The 117 ATU will disband and a Yukon aircraft will lift its members, their tools and equipment on 17/18 March to Canada. Two members of the 117 ATU will remain as a rear party to supervise the loading of 3 Otters which will be repositioned to Canada by 3 Hercules flights due to arrive in Lahore on 4, 5 and 6 April 1966.
- ii. It has been agreed with the Canadian authorities that out of the cost of \$ 55,000.00 for airlifting the Otters, the United Nations will be only charged an amount equivalent to the cost of crating and sea shipment of the Otters from Lahore to Canada.
- iii. The Caribou aircraft will be distributed as follows:
 - a. 1 Caribou is being flown to UNEF
 - b. 1 Caribou is being flown to Canada
 - c. 1 Caribou with crew of eight will be assigned to UNMOGIP

} Date not specified yet



D. Equipment

- i. Radio equipment is being prepared for shipment to UNTSO for stockpiling. This action should be completed by mid-April.
- ii. Vehicles - The possibility of sea shipment of all vehicles in good condition for stockpiling in the Middle East or Pisa is under consideration.
- iii. Office Machines will be sent to Pisa for overhaul and stockpiling.
- iv. Office Furniture and miscellaneous items including fire extinguishers, air conditioners, binoculars, etc. will be trucked to UNMOGIP for storage until final use or disposition is determined.
- v. Records will be indexed and those requiring follow-up in the field will be sent to UNMOGIP, those of ephemeral value will be destroyed in accordance with regulations, and the balance forwarded to Headquarters for storage and review.

E. UNIPOM Headquarters in Lahore

In view of the decision that UNIPOM Headquarters will not be considered as a future Headquarters of UNMOGIP (instead of Rawalpindi), the quarters converted to its original condition, will be returned to the owner.

II. UNMOGIP Reduction

At this time, it is anticipated that the decrease in personnel and equipment will start about mid-April. No replacement of observers is being made at this stage except for those nationalities which fall below the original quotas.

cc: Dr. R. Bunche